

Module IC220MDL752 is used to output 24VDC digital signals.


## Module with the I/O Terminal Strip plugged in

Module IC220MDL752 requires one (1) I/O Terminal Strip, IC220TBK123, ordered separately. See the ordering information below.

## Features

- Connections for four digital actuators
- Connection of 2- and 3-wire actuators
- Nominal current per output: 0.5A
- Total current of the module: 2 A
- Short-circuit and overload protected outputs
- Diagnostic and status indicators


## Ordering Information

| IC220MDL752 | Output 24VDC Positive Logic |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 4$ Points |

IC220TBK123 I/O Terminal Strip. Quantity 10

## Module Specifications

| Housing dimensions (width x <br> height $x$ depth) | $12.2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 120 \mathrm{~mm} \times 71.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> $(0.480 \mathrm{in} . \times 4.724 \mathrm{in} . \times 2.795 \mathrm{in})$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Connection style | $2-$ and 3-wire |
| Operating temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.+131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Storage temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.+185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Operating humidity | $75 \%$ on average, $85 \%$ <br> occasionally. Appropriate <br> measures against increased <br> humidity (>85\%) must be taken. |
| Storage humidity | $75 \%$ on average, $85 \%$ <br> occasionally. |
| Degree of protection | IP 20 according to IEC 60529 |
| Class of protection | Class 3 according to VDE 0106, <br> IEC 60536 |

Power Consumption

| Communications power UL | 7.5 V |
| :--- | :--- |
| Current consumption from <br> the local bus UL | 44 mA , maximum |
| Power consumption from the <br> local bus | 0.33 W , maximum |
| Segment supply voltage $U_{\mathrm{S}}$ | 24 VDC (nominal value) |
| Nominal current <br> consumption of $U_{\mathrm{S}}$ | $2 \mathrm{~A}(4 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~A})$, maximum |

## VersaPoint I/O Module

Output 24VDC Positive Logic 0.5A 4 Points
IC220MDL752

Internal Circuit Diagram


Protocol chip (bus logic including voltage conditioning)
LED (status indicators)

Optocoupler
Digital output


Transisor

Isolated area

## Connection Examples

The diagram below shows example connections for 2-wire (B) and 3wire (A) actuators.


Terminals
Assignment

| 1.1 | 2.1 | Signal output (OUT 1, OUT 2) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1.2 | 2.2 | Ground contact (GND) for 2- and 3-wire termination |
| 1.3 | 2.3 | FE connection for 3-wire termination |
| 1.4 | 2.4 | Signal outputs (OUT3, OUT4) |
| 1.5 | 2.5 | Ground contact (GND) for 2- and 3-wire termination |
| 1.6 | 2.6 | FE (functional earth ground) connection for 3-wire <br> termination |


|  | LED | Color | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D | Green | Bus diagnostics |
|  | 1, 2, 3, 4 | Yellow | Status indication of the outputs |

## Program Data

| ID code | BD hex (189 decimal ) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Length code | 41 hex |
| Output address area | 4 bits |
| Input address area | 0 bits |
| Parameter channel (PCP) | 0 bits |
| Register length (bus) | 4 bits |

## Output Specifications

| Discrete Outputs |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number | 4 |
| Nominal output voltage Uout | 24VDC |
| Differential voltage for $\mathrm{I}_{\text {nom }}$ | $\leq 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {nom }}$ per channel | 0.5A |
| Tolerance of the nominal current | +10\% |
| Total current | 2A |
| Protection | Short circuit; overload. <br> All four channels are thermally coupled, i.e. an error in one channel can affect the other channels. |
| Nominal load |  |
| Ohmic | 48, / 12W |
| Lamp | 12W |
| Inductive | 12VA (1.2H, 50ת) |
| Signal delay upon: OFF to ON |  |
| Ohmic nominal load | 100 s , typical |
| Lamp nominal load | 100 ms (with switching frequencies up to 8 Hz ; above this frequency the lamp load responds like an ohmic load), typical |
| Inductive nominal load | $100 \mathrm{~ms}(1.2 \mathrm{H}, 50 \Omega)$, typical |
| Signal delay: ON to OFF |  |
| Ohmic nominal load | 1 ms , typical |
| Lamp nominal load | 1 ms , typical |
| Inductive nominal load | $50 \mathrm{~ms}(1.2 \mathrm{H}, 50 \Omega)$, typical |
| Switching frequency with: |  |
| Ohmic nominal load | 300 Hz , maximum. <br> This switching frequency is limited by the selected data rate, the number of bus devices, the bus structure, the software, and the control or computer system used. |
| Lamp nominal load | 300 Hz , maximum. <br> This switching frequency is limited by the selected data rate, the number of bus devices, the bus structure, the software, and the control or computer system used. |
| Inductive nominal load | 0.5 Hz maximum ( $1.2 \mathrm{H}, 50 \Omega$ ) |

## VersaPoint I/O Module

## Output 24VDC Positive Logic 0.5A 4 Points

IC220MDL752

| GFK-1904 |
| :--- |
| Discrete Outputs (continued)  <br> Overload response Auto restart <br> Response time with ohmic overload $(12 \Omega)$ Approximately 3 s <br> Restart frequency with ohmic overload Approximately 250 Hz <br> Restart frequency with lamp overload Approximately 250 Hz <br> Inductive overload response Output can be damaged <br> Response time after short circuit Approximately 850 ms <br> Strength against permanently applied reverse voltages Up to 2 A DC <br> Strength against permanently applied surge voltage No <br> Validity of output data after connection of 24 V power <br> supply (power up) 5 ms, typical <br> Response upon power down The output follows the power supply without delay. <br> Protective circuit type Integrated 45V Zener diode in output chip <br> Overcurrent shutdown At 0.7 A, minimum <br> Output current when switched off $300 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, maximum <br> Output voltage when switched off 2 V, maximum <br> Output current with ground connection interrupted 25 mA, maximum <br> Switching power with ground connection interrupted 100 mW at $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load resistance, typical <br> Inrush current with lamp load 1.5 A for 20 ms , maximum |


| Output Characteristic When Switched On (Typical) | Differential output voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Output current $(A)$ | 0 |
| 0 | 0.04 |
| 0.1 | 0.08 |
| 0.2 | 0.12 |
| 0.3 | 0.16 |
| 0.4 | 0.20 |
| 0.5 |  |

## Power Dissipation

Formula to calculate the power dissipation of the electronics

$$
P_{\mathrm{E}}=0.19 \mathrm{~W}+\sum_{\mathrm{n}=1}^{4}\left(0.10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}{ }^{2} \times 0.4 \Omega\right)
$$

With
$P$ tot Typical power dissipation of the module
$\mathrm{n} \quad$ Index of the number of set outputs $\mathrm{n}=1$ to 4
I Ln Load current of the output $n$

Power dissipation of the housing PHOU
0.6W max.
(within the permissible operating temperature)

## Concurrent Channel Derating

| Ambient temperature <br> $T A$ | Maximum load current at <br> $100 \%$ simultaneity | Maximum load current at <br> $75 \%$ simultaneity | Maximum load current at $50 \%$ <br> simultaneity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\leq 35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | 0.5 A | 0.5 A | 0.5 A |
| $\leq 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | 0.375 A | 0.5 A | 0.5 A |
| $\leq 55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | 0.25 A | 0.33 A | 0.5 A |

With $100 \%$ simultaneity, a load current of 0.5 A for each channel is permissible up to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ ) (ambient temperature range), a load current of 0.375 A between $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ and $113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ), and a load current of 0.25 A up to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\left(131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

If a maximum of two channels are operated in the permissible ambient temperature range ( $50 \%$ simultaneity), a load current of 0.5A can be tapped.
If all four channels are used you must define the permissible working point according to the above formula. An example can be found in the System Manual.

## Safety Devices

| Overload/short circuit in segment <br> circuit | Electronic; with 4-channel driver |
| :--- | :--- |
| Surge voltage | Protective circuits of the power terminal; Protection up to 33VDC |
| Polarity reversal of power supply | Protective circuits of the power terminal; It is necessary to protect the <br> power supply. The power supply unit should be able to supply 4 times <br> (400\%) the nominal current of the fuse. |
| Reverse voltage | Protection up to 2A DC |

## Electrical Isolation

To provide electrical isolation between the logic level and the I/O area it is necessary to supply the bus module and the digital output module using the bus module or a power terminal from separate power supply units. Interconnection of the 24 V power supplies is not allowed. (For detailed information, refer to the user manual.)

## Common potentials

24 V main power, 24 V segment voltage, and GND have the same potential. FE (functional earth ground) is a separate potential area.
Separate system potentials consisting of bus module/power terminal and I/O module

| Test distance | Test voltage |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 V supply incoming remote bus / 7.5V supply (bus logic) | $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| 5 V supply outgoing remote bus / 7.5V supply (bus logic) | $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| 7.5 V supply (bus logic) / 24V supply (I/O) | $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| 24 V supply (I/O) / functional earth ground | $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$. |

## Error Messages

Short circuit/overload of an output

Operating voltage out of range
An error message is generated when an output is shorted and switched on. Also, the diagnostic LED (D) flashes on the module at 2 Hz (medium)under these conditions.
None

